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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.		
10/053,934	01/22/2002	Lin Guo	3123-412	4865		
7	7590 12/30/2003	EXAM	EXAMINER			
MARSH FISCHMANN & BREYFOGLE LLP			BURCH, M	BURCH, MELODY M		
SUITE 411 3151 SOUTH VAUGHN WAY AURORA, CO 80014			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
			3683			
			DATE MAILED: 12/30/200	3		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Α	pplication No.		Applicant(s)				
		1	0/053,934		GUO ET AL.				
•	Office Action Summary	E	xaminer		Art Unit				
		•	elody M. Burch		3683				
7 Period for R	he MAILING DATE of this commu eply	ınication appeaı	s on the cover sheet	with the co	orrespondence ad	idress			
THE MA - Extension after SIX - If the peri - If NO per - Failure to - Any reply	TENED STATUTORY PERIOD ILING DATE OF THIS COMMUI is of time may be available under the provision (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this cond for reply specified above is less than thirty od for reply is specified above, the maximum reply within the set or extended period for repreceived by the Office later than three months itent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	NICATION. ns of 37 CFR 1.136(a nmunication. (30) days, a reply witl statutory period will a ply will, by statute, cau). In no event, however, may nin the statutory minimum of t pply and will expire SIX (6) M se the application to become	a reply be tim thirty (30) days SONTHS from to ABANDONED	ely filed s will be considered time the mailing date of this of	ly. communication.			
1)⊠ Re	esponsive to communication(s) fi	led on <u>09 Octo</u>	<u>ber 2003</u> .						
2a)⊠ Th	is action is FINAL.	2b) ☐ This act	ion is non-final.						
	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Disposition	of Claims								
4a) 5)□ Cla 6)⊠ Cla 7)□ Cla	4) Claim(s) 1-59 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) 14,21,24,25,27-31,46-52 and 56-58 is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 1-13,15-20,22,23,26,32-45,53-55 and 59 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
Application	, ,		·						
9)∐ The	e specification is objected to by t	he Examiner.							
10)⊠ The	10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on <u>09 October 2003</u> is/are: a)⊠ accepted or b)□ objected to by the Examiner.								
•	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
•		to by the Exam	iner. Note the attach	теа Опісе	Action or form P	10-152.			
-	er 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
a)	knowledgment is made of a claim All b) Some * c) None of: Certified copies of the priorit Copies of the certified copies application from the Internat the attached detailed Office act nowledgment is made of a claim a specific reference was include FR 1.78. The translation of the foreign lands a claim ence was included in the first se	y documents hay documents has of the priority ional Bureau (Fion for a list of the for domestic paled in the first stanguage provision for domestic paled for domestic paled in the first stanguage provision domestic paled in the first stanguage paled in the	ave been received. ave been received in documents have been CT Rule 17.2(a)). he certified copies no riority under 35 U.S. entence of the specifional application has riority under 35 U.S.	n Application received to the received C. § 119(e) fication or the central contraction of the central	on No d in this National d. to a provisional in an Application eived. and/or 121 since	al application) Data Sheet. a specific			
Attachment(s)									
1) Notice of 2) Notice of	References Cited (PTO-892) Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review on Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449)		5) Notice of		(PTO-413) Paper No atent Application (PT				

Art Unit: 3683

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 1. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 2. Claims 1-3, 4, 5-7, 8, 9-13, 15-20, 23, 26, 32-35, 36, 37-41, 42, 43-45, 53-55, and 59 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Butler et al.

Re: claims 1, 10, 12, 13, 15, and 59. Butler et al. show in figures 4 and 5 a pushpin assembly 408,504 for use with a positioning arm of a disk drive servo writer, the push pin assembly comprising: a contact pin comprising a shaft 506 and a contact head shown to the left of the lead line of number 522 and above the lead line of 502, wherein the contact head comprises an actuator arm facing surface engageable with a disk drive actuator arm assembly as shown in figure 5 as element 504 is similar to element 414, a body 514 interconnectable with the positioning arm 410, the body comprising a contact pin receptacle shown in the area of element 520, wherein at least a lower portion of the shaft of the contact pin is disposed in the contact pin receptacle such that the body is disposed about a perimeter of the lower portion of the contact pin, and wherein the contact head is disposed beyond an end of the body as shown, and a vibration damper 510a and/or 510b as disclosed in col. 4 lines 13-15 and in col. 3 lines 30-31 disposed between at least a portion of the lower portion of the shaft of the contact pin and the body, wherein an entirety of the shaft of the contact pin and the body are disposed in spaced relation via the vibration damper as shown in figure 4. Butler et al. also show in

Art Unit: 3683

figure 5 a disk drive wherein the disk drive comprises a first disk 404 (top) and a first head shown in the area of element 410 and the limitation of positioning the push-pin assembly 408,504 relative to the disk drive.

Butler et al. do not specifically disclose the method for performing a servo writing operation including the steps of moving the push-pin assembly relative to the first disk, moving the first head relative to the first disk in response to the moving of the push-pin assembly step and forming a plurality of data storage tracks on the first disk.

Butler et al. teach in lines 12-21 the limitation of performing a servo writing operation including the steps of moving a push-pin assembly relative to a first disk, moving a first head relative to the first disk in response to the moving of the push-pin assembly step and forming a plurality of data storage tracks on the first disk.

It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the push-pin assembly of Butler et al. to have been utilized in a method of performing a servo-writing operation, as taught by the disclosure in Butler et al., in order to provide a means of writing information to a disk to store the information for later use.

Re: claims 2, 3, 5, 11, and 33. Butler et al., as modified, show in figure 4 the contact pin comprising a protrusion shown between the lead lines of numbers 510a and 520 disposed toward an end of the shaft opposite the contact head, wherein the vibration damper is positioned about a portion of the shaft which is disposed between the protrusion and the contact head as shown.

Art Unit: 3683

Re: claims 6, 7, and 9. Butler et al., as modified, show in figure 4 the shaft further comprising a protrusion shown between the lead lines of numbers 510a and 520 wherein the protrusion is disposed between the contact head and the vibration damper 510b.

Re: claims 16 and 18. Butler et al., as modified, show in figure 4 the limitation wherein the contact pin receptacle comprises a first longitudinal receptacle section 516 and a second longitudinal receptacle section shown in the area of the lead line of number 520, wherein the first longitudinal receptacle section has a larger effective diameter than the second longitudinal receptacle section such that a first spacing between a first wall of the first longitudinal receptacle section and the shaft is greater than a second spacing between a second wall of the second longitudinal receptacle section and the shaft.

Re: claim 17. Butler et al., as modified, show the vibration damper 510a being disposed in the first longitudinal receptacle section, wherein a length of the vibration damper, particularly the length shown in the area of the lead line of element number 522 is less than a length of the first longitudinal receptacle section, particularly the length shown in the area of the lead line of element number 516.

Re: claims 19, 20, 23, 32, and 45. Butler et al., as modified, show the vibration damper comprising first 510a and second 510b longitudinally spaced vibration dampers, wherein the first vibration damper is disposed within the first longitudinal receptacle section, and wherein the second longitudinal receptacle section is disposed between

Art Unit: 3683

the first longitudinal receptacle section and the second vibration damper as shown in figure 4.

Re: claim 26. Butler et al., as modified, show the limitation wherein the second vibration damper 510b is disposed about and longitudinally extends beyond an end of the shaft opposite the contact head. As broadly claimed, the end being the flange portion shown between the lead lines of element numbers 510b and 520.

Re: claims 34, 35, 37, and 38. Butler et al., as modified, show the limitation wherein the first protrusion shown between the lead lines of numbers 510a and 520 of the shaft has an effective diameter larger than an effecting (inner) diameter of the vibration damper 510a.

Re: claims 39, 40, 41, 43, 44, 53, 54, and 55. In another interpretation of claim 33 the contact pin may comprise a contact head shown below and to the left of element number 506 having an outer surface engageable with a disk drive actuator arm assembly via intervening elements, a shaft 506 comprising a first protrusion shown between the lead lines of elements 510b and 520 with the vibration damper 510b being disposed about a portion of the shaft located between the contact head and the first protrusion. In light of this interpretation of Butler et al., the shaft further comprises a second protrusion shown between the lead lines of element numbers 509 and 506 disposed between the contact head and the vibration damper 510b.

Re: claims 4, 8, 36, and 42. Butler et al., as modified, describe the invention substantially as set forth above including a radially spaced protrusion, but do not describe the protrusion has comprising a plurality of radially spaced protrusion

Art Unit: 3683

segments. Examiner notes that in In re Harza, 274 F.2d 669, 124 USPQ 378 (CCPA 1960) the courts held that mere duplication of parts has no patentable significance unless a new and unexpected result is produced. Since Applicant failed to provide evidence of the criticality of the plurality of protrusion segments, and since Examiner notes that the use of a large singular protrusion functions equally as well as the use of a plurality of smaller protrusion segments, it is maintained that it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the protrusion of Butler et al. to have included a plurality of protrusion segments in order to provide an alternate means of limiting axial travel of the shaft within the body depending on manufacturing requirements.

3. Claim 22 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Butler et al. in view of US Patent 5914837 to Edwards et al.

Butler et al., as modified, do not show the limitation of the first vibration damper comprising a different material than that of the second vibration damper.

Edwards et al. teach in col. 6 lines 2-7 that stiffness and damping characteristics are determined by the material of the elastic members or vibration dampers 932,932' as shown in the figure on the front of the patent and that the interface stiffness and damping alter the dynamic response of the push-pin assembly 18 shown in figure 1. It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have modified the vibration dampers of Butler et al., as modified, to have been made of different materials, in view of the teachings of Edwards et al., in order to provide a means of allowing a designer to tune the frequency response of the assembly

Art Unit: 3683

to achieve a desired dynamic response as best determined by routine experimentation depending on the application and environment.

Response to Arguments

4. Applicant's arguments with respect to claims have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

Conclusion

5. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

6. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Melody M. Burch whose telephone number is 703-306-4618. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday-Friday (7:30 AM-4:00 PM).

Art Unit: 3683

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Jack Lavinder can be reached on 703-308-3421. The fax phone number for

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is 703-308-1113.

the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9326.

mmb 12/23/13 mmb December 23, 2003

Page 8